# Digital controller for variable speed compressors XRi77CX

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#### 1. GENERAL WARNING

#### 1.1 PLEASE READ BEFORE USING THIS MANUAL

- This manual is part of the product and should be kept near the instrument for easy and quick reference.
- The instrument shall not be used for purposes different from those described hereunder. It cannot be used as a safety device.
- Check the application limits before proceeding.
- Dixell SrI reserves the right to change the composition of its products, even without notice, ensuring
  the same and unchanged functionality.

#### 1.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Check the supply voltage is correct before connecting the instrument.
- Do not expose to water or moisture: use the controller only within the operating limits avoiding sudden temperature changes with high atmospheric humidity to prevent formation of condensation
- Warning: disconnect all electrical connections before any kind of maintenance.
- Fit the probe where it is not accessible by the End User. The instrument must not be opened.
- In case of failure or faulty operation send the instrument back to the distributor or to "Dixell S.r.l." (see address) with a detailed description of the fault.
- Consider the maximum current which can be applied to each relay (see Technical Data)
- Ensure that the wires for probes, loads and the power supply are separated and far enough from each other, without crossing or intertwining.
- In case of applications in industrial environments, the use of mains filters (our mod. FT1) in parallel
  with inductive loads could be useful.

## 2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Model XRi77CX, format 32x74mm, is microprocessor based controller, suitable for applications on medium or low temperature ventilated refrigerating units. It has four relay outputs to control compressor, fan, defrost, which can be either electrical or reverse cycle (hot gas) and light (configurable). It could be provided with a Real Time Clock which allows programming of up to six daily defrost cycles, divided into holidays and workdays. A "Day and Night" function with two different set points is fitted for energy saving. It is also provided with up to four NTC probe inputs. The first probe is used for temperature control. The second probe is used to control the defrost termination temperature at the evaporator. One of the two digital inputs can operate as third temperature probe. The fourth probe is used to control the condenser temperature (for condenser alarm management) or to display a temperature.

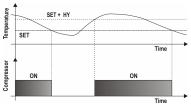
The RS485 serial output allows connecting the unit to a network line (ModBUS-RTU compatible) such as any cllXEL monitoring units of X-WEB family. The HOT-KEY receptacle allows programming the controller by using an HOTKEY programming device.

The instrument is fully configurable through special parameters that can be easily programmed through the frontal keyboard.

## 3. CONTROLLING LOADS

#### 3.1 COMPRESSOR

The regulation is performed according to the temperature measured by the thermostat probe with a positive differential (HY) over the set point: if the temperature increases and reaches set point plus differential, the compressor will start. It will turn off as soon as the temperature reaches the set point value again.



In case of fault in the thermostat probe the start and stop of the compressor are timed through parameters **Con** and **CoF**.

#### 3.2 DEFROST

Two defrost modes are available through the  $\mathbf{tdF}$  parameter: defrost through electrical heater  $(\mathbf{tdF=EL})$  and hot gas defrost  $(\mathbf{tdF=in})$ .

The defrost interval depends on the presence of the RTC (optional). The internal RTC is controlled by means of the **EdF** parameter:

- EdF=in: the defrost is made every idF time standard way for controller without RTC.
- EdF=rtC: the defrost is real time controlled, depending on the hours set in the parameters Ld1...Ld6 (for workdays).

Other parameters are used to control defrosting cycles: the maximum length (MdF) and defrosting modes: timed or controlled by the evaporator's probe (P2P).

At the end of defrost dripping time is started, its length is set in the **Fdt** parameter. With **Fdt=0** the dripping time is disabled.

#### 3.3 CONTROL OF EVAPORATOR FANS

The fan control mode is selected by means of the **FnC** parameter:

FnC=C\_n, fans will switch ON and OFF with the compressor and not run during defrost.
FnC=o\_n, fans will run even if the compressor is off, and not run during defrost.

After defrost, there is a timed fan delay allowing for drip time, set by means of the **Fnd** parameter. **FnC=C\_Y**, fans will switch ON and OFF with the compressor and **run** during defrost.

FnC=o\_Y, fans will run continuously also during defrost.

An additional parameter FSt provides the setting of temperature, detected by the evaporator probe, above which the fans are always OFF. This is used to make sure circulation of air only if his temperature is lower than set in FSt.

#### 3.3.1 FORCED ACTIVATION OF FANS

This function managed by the **FCt** parameter is designed to avoid short cycles of fans, that could happen when the controller is switched on or after a defrost, when the room air warms the evaporator. **How it works:** if the temperature difference between evaporator probe and room probe is higher than the **FCt** parameter value, fans will be switched on. With **FCE**0 the function is disabled.

#### 3.3.2 CYCLIC ACTIVATION OF THE FANS WITH COMPRESSOR OFF

When FnC=C-n or C-Y (fans working in parallel with the compressor), by means of the Fon and FoF parameters the fans can carry out on and off cycles even if the compressor is switched off. When the compressor is stopped the fans go on working for the Fon time. With Fon=0 the fans remain always off, also when the compressor is off.

#### 3.4 RELAY CONFIGURATION (PAR. oA0, oA1, oA2, oA3)

The functioning of the configurable relays (terminals 1-2 and 1-7-8) can be set by the **oA1** and **oA2** parameters, according to the kind of application. In the following paragraph the possible setting:

#### 3.4.1 LIGHT RELAY

With oAx=LiG the related relay operates as light output.

#### 3.4.2 AUXILIARY RELAY

Relay activation by digital input 1 or digital input 2 (oAx=AUS, i1F or i2F=AUS): with oAx=AUS and i1F, i2F=AUS the AUX relay is switched on and off by digital inputs.

#### 3.4.3 ON/OFF RELAY (OAX = ONF)

When **oAx=onF**, the related relay is activated when the controller is turned on and de-activated when the controller is turned off.

#### 3.4.4 NEUTRAL ZONE REGULATION

With oAx=db the related relay can control a heater element to perform a neutral zone action.

- oAx cut in = SET-HY
- oAx cut out = SET

#### 3.4.5 ALARM RELAY

With **oAx=Alr** the related relay operates as alarm relay. It is activated every time an alarm happens. Its status depends on the **tbA** parameter: if **tbA=Y**, the relay is silenced by pressing any key. If **tbA=n**, the alarm relay stay on until the alarm condition recovers.

# 3.4.6 SECOND COMPRESSOR

If oAx=CP2, it will work as second compressor output. The anti-short cycle parameter AC1 gives the possibility to desynchronize the compressor activations.

#### 3.4.7 SECOND DEFROST OUTPUT

If oAx=dF2, it will work as second defrost output.

**NOTE:** It is also possible to manage 2 different and independent defrost by using special parameter map. Please refer to Dixell to activate this function.

#### 3.4.8 NIGHT BLIND MANAGEMENT DURING ENERGY SAVING CYCLES

With **AX=HES**, the related relay operates to manage the night blind: the relay is energised when the energy saving cycle is activated by digital input or frontal button.

#### 3.4.9 HEATER FOR WATER DRIPPING

If oAx=Het, the related output will work as heater for water dripping during and after any defrost.

#### 3.4.10 REGULATION OUTPUT

If oAx=inV, the related output will work as regulation output and will stay active as soon as the regulation request is running.

## 4. VARIABLE SPEED COMPRESSOR CONTROL

The controller is able to drive variable speed compressor with frequency control input. The HOTKEY port is able to issue a frequency signal from 30 to 200Hz, duty cycle=50%. A special cable (CAB-KXV1) is used to connect the frequency output of the controller to the frequency input of the compressor. One of the available relays can be set as **oAx=inV** in order to control the condenser fan. In this case the fans will be activated only when the regulation is running.

NOTE: in case of using an inverter compressor, it must be controlled ONLY from the frequency output. DO NOT USE ANY RELAY TO CONTROL THE COMPRESSOR POWER SUPPLY.

#### 4.1 CABLE FOR FREQUENCY OUTPUT



#### 4.2 PARAMETERS

The following parameters are used to set the regulation:

| HY1 | Differential for proportional band: (0.1 to 25.5°C; 1 to 45°F) |
|-----|--|
| PMi | Lower speed limit (in percentage): (0 to PMA)                  |
| PMA | Upper speed limit (in percentage): (Pmi to 100%)               |



## **Installing and Operating Instructions**

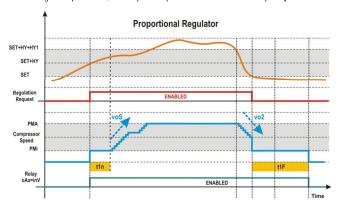
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| voS | Speed variation when temperature increases: (0 to 100 Hz/min)                       |
|-----|---|
| vo2 | Speed variation when temperature decreases: (0 to 100 Hz/min)                       |
| t1n | Interval of time with speed fixed to Pmi after start-up: (0 to 999 min)             |
| t1F | Interval of time with speed fixed to Pmi before stopping regulation: (0 to 999 min) |
| tC2 | Interval of time to control temperature deadlocks: (1 to 255 min)                   |
| SPi | Speed in case of probe error: (Pmi to PMA)  |

The value of the par HY1 can normally be set to the same value of par. HY. In this way, the regulation band will be extended from SET to SET+HY+HY1. The device will activate the regulation when the measured temperature will go over the SET+HY value and will stop the regulation when the temperature will reach the SET value. When the regulation is running, the frequency output, and then the compressor speed, will be calculated in proportional way by using the Pmi...PMA band. After reaching the SET+HY value, the controller will start increasing the frequency output, and then the equivalent compressor speed, by using the par. voS. The speed increasing will be stopped as soon as the proportional calculated value (for the compressor speed) hooks the requested value. In case of temperature decrement and compressor speed higher than the new requested value, the controller will decrease the compressor speed proportionally by using the vo2 value.

At start-up and after reaching the SET value, it is possible to force the compressor speed to Pmi for two different intervals of time defined from par. t1n and t1F.

I case of regulation probe error, the compressor speed will be set to the value of par. Spi.



#### TEMPERATURE DEADLOCK CONTROL

The controller is able to detect temperature deadlocks. If the actual speed is not able to reach the SETPOINT, and if this condition lasts more than the tC2 interval of time, then the controller will increment the actual speed of a fixed value of 10%. The new compressor speed will stay unchanged till reaching the SETPOINT or until another interval of time equal to tC2 will expire.

#### 4.4 HOT GAS DEFROST

In case of using hot-gas defrost, it will be possible to set the compressor speed by using par. Aod.

## PULL DOWN

An automatic function named PULL DOWN is implemented. This function forces the controller to work at PMA until reaching a specific SETPOINT (par. CCS) for a maximum interval of time (par. CCt). The PULL DOWN function is activated:

- At start-up if the temperature measured from the regulation probe is higher than the SETPOINT
- If the temperature measured from regulation probe go over the  ${\bf SET+HY+HY1+oHt}$  value

If one of the above conditions happens, the controller will maintain the maximum compressor speed (PMA) until reaching the CCS setpoint. The maximum interval of time for any PULLDOWN is defined from par. CCt. At the end of any PULL DOWN it is possible to set a couple of intervals (par. tAP) with predefined compressor speed (par. tP1 and tP2).

## 6. FRONT PANEL COMMANDS



| SET        | To display target set point; in programming mode it selects a parameter or confirm an operation.                                 |
|------------|--|
| **         | (DEF) To start a manual defrost.   |
|            | (UP) To see the used parameter map. When in programming mode, it browses the parameter codes or increases the displayed value.   |
| >          | (DOWN) To see the used parameter map. When in programming mode, it browses the parameter codes or decreases the displayed value. |
| (J)        | To switch the instrument on and off (when <b>onF=oFF</b> ).  |
| - <b>;</b> | To switch on and off the light (when <b>oAx=LiG</b> ).   |

#### **KEY COMBINATIONS:**

| <b>△</b> + ♥ | To lock & unlock the keyboard.             |
|--------------|--|
| SET+         | To enter in programming mode.              |
| SET + 🛆      | To return to the room temperature display. |

#### 6.1 USE OF LEDS

Each LED function is described in the following table.

| LED             | MODE     | FUNCTION                              |
|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| *               | ON       | Compressor enabled                    |
| *Tr             | Flashing | Anti-short cycle delay enabled        |
| **              | ON       | Defrost enabled                       |
| ****            | Flashing | Drip time in progress                 |
| 46              | ON       | Fans enabled                          |
| ¥,              | Flashing | Fans delay after defrost in progress. |
| (1)             | ON       | An alarm is occurring                 |
| *               | ON       | A PULL DOWN is running                |
| <b>(\$)</b>     | ON       | Energy saving enabled                 |
| -\ <del>\</del> | ON       | Light on                              |
| AUX             | ON       | Auxiliary relay on                    |
| °C,°F           | ON       | Measurement unit                      |
| <u>_,</u> _     | Flashing | Programming phase                     |

#### 7. MAX & MIN TEMPERATURE MEMORIZATION

#### 7.1 HOW TO: SEE THE MIN TEMPERATURE

- Press and release the **DOWN** button.
- The "Lo" message will be displayed followed by the minimum temperature recorded.
- By pressing the **DOWN** button again or waiting for 5 sec the normal display will be restored.

#### 7.2 HOW TO: SEE THE MAX TEMPERATURE

- Press and release the UP button
- The "Hi" message will be displayed followed by the maximum temperature recorded.
- By pressing the **UP** button again or waiting for 5 sec the normal display will be restored.

#### HOW TO: RESET THE MAX AND MIN TEMPERATURE RECORDED

- Keep SET button pressed for more than 3 sec while the max or min temperature is displayed. ("rSt" message will be displayed)
- After confirming the operation, the "rSt" message will start blinking and then the normal temperature will be displayed.

#### MAIN FUNCTIONS

## TO SET THE CURRENT TIME AND DAY (ONLY WITH RTC)

When the instrument is switched on, it's necessary to program the time and day.

- Enter the Pr1 programming menu, by pushing the SET+DOWN keys for 3 sec. The **rtC** parameter is displayed. Push the **SET** key to enter the real time clock menu.
- The Hur (hour) parameter is displayed.
- Push the SET and set current hour by the UP and DOWN keys, then push SET to confirm the value.
- Repeat the same operations with Min (minutes) and dAy (day) parameters.

To exit: Push both SET+UP keys or wait for 15 sec without pushing any keys.

### 8.2 HOW TO: SEE THE SET POINT



- Push and immediately release the SET key: the display will show the Set point value:
- Push and immediately release the SET key or wait for 5 sec to display the probe value again

#### 8.3 HOW TO: CHANGE THE SET POINT

- Push the SET button for more than 2 sec to change the Set point value
- The value of the set point will be displayed and the °C or °F LED will start blinking
- To change the actual value, push the UP or DOWN buttons within 10 sec
- To memorise the new set point value, push the SET button again or wait for 10 sec.

## **HOW TO: START A MANUAL DEFROST**



Push the DEF button for more than 2 sec and a manual defrost will start.

#### 8.5 HOW TO: CHANGE A PARAMETER VALUE

To change a parameter value, operate as follows:

- 1. Enter the Programming mode by pressing the **SET+DOWN** buttons for 3 sec (the °C or °F LED will start blinking).
- Select the required parameter. Press the SET button to display its actual value.
- Use UP or DOWN buttons to change its value.
- 4. Press SET button to store the new value and move to the following parameter

To exit: press SET+UP buttons or wait for 15 sec without pressing any key.

NOTE: the set value is stored even when the procedure exits by waiting for the time-out to expire.

#### 8.6 THE HIDDEN MENU

The hidden menu includes all the parameters of the instrument.



## **Installing and Operating Instructions**

# **EMERSON**

#### 8.6.1 HOW TO: ENTER THE HIDDEN MENU

- Enter the Programming mode by pressing the SET+DOWN buttons for 3 sec (the °C or °F LED will start blinking).
- Released the buttons and then push again the SET+DOWN buttons for more than 7 sec. The Pr2 label will be displayed immediately followed from the HY parameter.
- Now it is possible to browse the hidden menu.
- 3. Select the required parameter.
- 4. Press the SET button to display its value.
- 5. Use **UP** or **DOWN** to change its value.
- 6. Press **SET** to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

To exit: press SET+DOWN or wait for 15 sec without pressing any key.

**NOTE1:** if no parameter is present in Pr1 menu, after 3 sec the "**noP**" message will be displayed. Keep the buttons pushed till the Pr2 message will be displayed.

NOTE2: the set value is stored even when the procedure is exited by waiting for the time-out to expire

# 8.6.2 HOW TO: MOVE A PARAMETER FROM THE HIDDEN MENU TO THE FIRST LEVEL AND VICEVERSA.

Each parameter present in the hidden menu (Pr2) can be moved into the user level (Pr1) by pressing **SET+DOWN** buttons. If a parameter is part of the user level, when showed in the hidden menu the decimal point will be lit.

#### 8.7 HOW TO: LOCK THE KEYBOARD

- 1. Keep both UP and DOWN buttons pressed for more than 3 sec.
- The "PoF" message will be displayed and the keyboard will be locked. At this point it will be possible only to see the set point or the MAX o Min temperature stored
- 3. If a button is pressed more than 3 sec the "PoF" message will be displayed.

#### 8.8 HOW TO: UNLOCK THE KEYBOARD

Keep both  ${\bf UP}$  and  ${\bf DOWN}$  pressed more than 3 sec till the " ${\bf Pon}$ " message will be displayed.

#### 8.9 THE ON/OFF FUNCTION



When **onF=oFF**, pushing the **ON/OFF** key, the instrument is switched off. The "OFF" message is displayed. In this configuration, the regulation is disabled. To switch the instrument on, push again the **ON/OFF** key.

WARNING: Loads connected to the normally closed contacts of the relays are always supplied and under voltage, even if the instrument is in stand-by mode.

#### 9. PARAMETERS

Real time clock menu (only for controller with RTC): to set the time and date and defrost start time

#### REGULATION

| REGULA | ATION  |
|--------|--|
| HY     | <b>Differential:</b> (0.1 to 25.5°C; 1 to 45°F) intervention differential for set point. Compressor Cut IN is Set Point + differential <b>(HY)</b> . Compressor Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point.                           |
| LS     | <b>Minimum set point:</b> (-100°C to SET; -148°F to SET) sets the minimum value for the set point.   |
| US     | Maximum set point: (SET to 150°C; SET to 302°F) set the maximum value for set point.   |
| Ot     | <b>Thermostat probe calibration:</b> (-12.0 to 12.0 °C; -21 to 21 °F) allows to adjust possible offset of the thermostat probe.  |
| P2P    | Evaporator probe presence: (n; Y) n = not present, the defrost stops by time;<br>Y = present, the defrost stops by temperature.  |
| οE     | <b>Evaporator probe calibration:</b> (-12.0 to 12.0 °C; -21 to 21 °F) allows to adjust possible offset of the evaporator probe.  |
| P3P    | <b>Third probe presence (P3):</b> (n; Y) <b>n</b> = not present, the terminals 18-20 operate as digital input; <b>Y</b> = present, the terminals 18-20 operate as third probe.   |
| 03     | <b>Third probe calibration (P3):</b> (-12.0 to 12.0 °C; -21 to 21 °F) allows to adjust possible offset of the third probe.   |
| P4P    | Fourth probe presence (P4): (n; Y) n = not present; Y = present  |
| 04     | Fourth probe calibration (P4): (-12.0 to 12.0 °C; -21 to 21 °F) allows to adjust possible offset of the fourth probe   |
| odS    | Outputs activation delay at start up: (0 to 255min) this function is enabled at the initial start-up of the instrument and inhibits any output activation for the period of time set in the parameter.   |
| AC     | Anti-short cycle delay: (0 to 50min) minimum interval between the compressor stop and the following restart.   |
| AC1    | Anti-short cycle delay for second compressor: (0 to 50min) minimum interval between the second compressor stop and the following restart.  |
| Rtr    | Percentage of the second and first probe for regulation: (0 to 100; 100=P1, 0=P2) it allows to set the regulation according to the percentage of the first and second probe, as for the following formula (rtr(P1-P2)/100 + P2).                 |
| CCt    | <b>PULL DOWN time:</b> (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10min) allows setting the length of the PULL DOWN cycle. Compressor stays on without interruption during <b>CCt</b> time. This is useful, for instance, when the room is filled with new products. |
| ccs    | PULL DOWN Set Point: (-100 to 150°C; -148 to 302°F) it sets the set point used during any PULL DOWN cycle.   |
| oHt    | <b>Differential for PULL DOWN activation:</b> (0.0 to 25.5°C; 0 to 45°F) upper threshold for auto activation of a PULL DOWN  |
| _      |  |

#### VARIABLE SPEED COMPRESSOR CONTROL

always active.

Con

CoF

| HY1 | Differential for proportional band: (0.1 to 25.5°C; 1 to 45°F)    |
|-----|---|
| tAP | Interval of time with fixed speed after PULL DOWN: (0 to 999 min) |

Compressor ON time with faulty probe: (0 to 255min) time during which the compressor is active in case of faulty thermostat probe. With Con=0 compressor is

Compressor OFF time with faulty probe: (0 to 255min) time during which the

compressor is OFF in case of faulty thermostat probe. With CoF=0 compressor is

| Pmi | Lower speed limit (in percentage): (0 to PMA)                                       |
|-----|---|
| PMA | Upper speed limit (in percentage): (Pmi to 100%)                                    |
| voS | Speed variation when temperature increases: (0 to 100 Hz/min)                       |
| vo2 | Speed variation when temperature decreases: (0 to 100 Hz/min)                       |
| t1n | Interval of time with speed fixed to Pmi after start-up: (0 to 999 min)             |
| t1F | Interval of time with speed fixed to Pmi before stopping regulation: (0 to 999 min) |
| tP1 | First interval of time (tAP) with speed fixed after PULL DOWN: (Pmi to PMA)         |
| tP2 | Second interval of time (tAP) with speed fixed after PULL DOWN: (Pmi to PMA)        |
| tC2 | Interval of time to control temperature deadlocks: (1 to 255 min)                   |
| Spi | Speed in case of probe error: (Pmi to PMA)  |
| Aod | Speed during defrost (used in case of hot gas defrost): (Pmi to PMA)                |

|  | S |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
|  |   |  |  |

| CF  | Temperature measurement unit: (°C; °F) °C = Celsius; °F = Fahrenheit.  WARNING: When the measurement unit is changed the SET point and the values of the parameters HY, LS, US, ot, ALU and ALL have to be checked and modified (if necessary).  |
|-----|--|
| rES | Resolution (for °C): (in=1°C; dE=0.1°C) allows decimal point display.  |
| Lod | Instrument display: (P1; P2, P3, P4, SET, dtr) it selects which probe is displayed by the instrument. P1 = Thermostat probe; P2 = Evaporator probe; P3 = Third probe (only for model with this option enabled); P4 = Fourth probe, SET = set point; dtr = percentage of visualization. |
| dLY | <b>Display delay:</b> (0 to 20min00s; res. 10 sec) when the temperature increases, the display is updated of 1°C or 1°F after this time.   |
| Dtr | Percentage of the second and first probe for visualization when Lod=dtr: (0 to 99; 100=P1, 0=P2) if Lod=dtr it allows to set the visualization according to the percentage of the first and second probe, as for the following formula (dtr(P1-P2)/100 + P2).                          |

#### DEFROST

| EdF | Defrost mode (only for controller with RTC):  - rtC: Real Time Clock mode. Defrost time follows dd1dd6 and Ld1Ldc parameters on working days.  - in: interval mode. The defrost starts when the time idF is expired.                               |
|-----|--|
| tdF | Defrost type: (EL; in) EL = electrical heater; in = hot gas.   |
| dFP | Probe selection for defrost termination: (nP; P1; P2; P3; P4) nP = no probe; P1 = thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 = configurable probe; P4 = Probe of Hot Key plug.  |
| dtE | <b>Defrost termination temperature:</b> (-55 to 50°C; -67 to 122°F) (enabled only when <b>EdF=Pb</b> ) sets the temperature measured by the evaporator probe, which causes the end of defrost.   |
| idF | <b>Interval between defrost cycles:</b> (0 to 120 hours) determines the interval of time between two defrost cycles.   |
| MdF | (Maximum) length for defrost: (0 to 255min) when P2P=n, (not evaporator probetimed defrost) it sets the defrost duration. When P2P=Y (defrost end based of temperature) it sets the maximum length for defrost.                                    |
| dSd | Start defrost delay: (0 to 99min) this is useful when different defrost start times ar<br>necessary to avoid overloading the plant.  |
| StC | Compressor stop before starting any defrost: (0 to 30 min) is used stop the compressor when the defrost is managed for inversion (hot-gas).  |
| dFd | Temperature displayed during defrost: (rt; it; Set; dEF) rt = real temperature; it = temperature at defrost start; Set = set point; dEF = "dEF" label.   |
| dAd | MAX display delay after defrost: (0 to 255min) sets the maximum time between the end of defrost and the restarting of the real room temperature display.   |
| Fdt | <b>Drip time:</b> (0 to 120min) time interval between reaching defrost terminatio temperature and the restoring of the control's normal operation. This time allows the evaporator to eliminate water drops that might have formed due to defrost. |
| Hon | Heating elements on after dripping phase: (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min) the heatin elements stay on for this time after finishing the dripping phase.   |
| dPo | First defrost after start-up: (n; Y) $n = $ after the idF time or following RTC, Y immediately.  |
| dAF | Delay before activating the defrost output (used only if tdF=in): (0 to StC) used to delay the activation of the defrost output.   |

#### FANS

| FnC | Fans operating mode: (C-n; o-n; C-Y; o-Y) C-n = runs with the compressor, OFF during defrost; o-n = continuous mode, OFF during defrost; C-Y = runs with the compressor, ON during defrost; o-Y = continuous mode, ON during defrost.                         |
|-----|---|
| Fnd | Fans delay after defrost: (0 to 255min) interval between the end of a defrost and the next evaporator fans start.   |
| FCt | Temperature differential to avoid fan short cycles: (0 to 59°C; 0 to 90°F) (N.B.: FCt=0 means function disabled) if the difference of temperature between the evaporator and the room probes is higher than FCt value, the fans will be switched on.          |
| FSt | Fans stop temperature: (-50 to 50°C; -55 to 122°F) setting of temperature, detected by evaporator probe, above which fans are always OFF.   |
| Fon | Fan ON time: (0 to 15min) with Fnc=C_n or C_Y, (fan activated in parallel with compressor) it sets the evaporator fan ON cycling time when the compressor is off. With Fon=0 and FoF≠0 the fan are always off, with Fon=0 and FoF=0 the fan are always off.   |
| FoF | Fan OFF time: (0 to 15min) With FnC=C_n or C_Y, (fan activated in parallel with compressor) it sets the evaporator fan off cycling time when the compressor is off. With Fon=0 and FoF≠0 the fan are always off, with Fon=0 and FoF=0 the fan are always off. |
| FAP | Probe selection for fan management: (nP; P1; P2; P3; P4) nP = no probe; P1 = thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 =configurable probe; P4 = Probe on Hot Key plug.   |

## ALARMS

| ALP | <b>Probe selection for alarm:</b> (nP; P1; P2; P3; P4) <b>nP</b> = no probe, the temperature |
|-----|--|
|     | alarms are disabled; P1 = Probe 1 (Thermostat probe); P2 = Probe 2 (evaporator               |
|     | probe);  |
|     | P3 = Probe 3 (display probe): P4 = Fourth probe  |



## **Installing and Operating Instructions**

**EMERSON** 

| ALC | <b>Temperature alarms configuration:</b> (Ab; rE) <b>Ab</b> = absolute temperature, alarm temperature is given by the <b>ALL</b> or <b>ALU</b> values. <b>rE</b> = temperature alarms are referred |
|-----|--|
|     | to the set point. Temperature alarm is enabled when the temperature exceeds the [SET+ALU] or [SET-ALL] values.   |
| ALU | MAXIMUM temperature alarm:   |
|     | If ALC=Ab: [ALL to 150.0°C or ALL to 302°F]  |
|     | If ALC=rE: [0.0 to 50.0°C or 0 to 90°F]  |
|     | when this temperature is reached the alarm is enabled, after the <b>Ald</b> delay time.  |
| ALL | Minimum temperature alarm:   |
|     | If ALC=Ab: [-100°C to ALU; -148 to ALU]  |
|     | If ALC=rE: [0.0 to 50.0°C or 0 to 90°F]  |
|     | when this temperature is reached the alarm is enabled, after the <b>Ald</b> delay time.  |
| AFH | <b>Differential for temperature alarm recovery:</b> (0.1 to 25.5°C; 1 to 45°F) intervention differential for recovery of temperature alarm.  |
| Ald | <b>Temperature alarm delay:</b> (0 to 255 min) time interval between the detection of an alarm condition and alarm signalling.   |
| dAo | <b>Exclusion of temperature alarm at start-up:</b> (0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10min) time interval between the detection of the temperature alarm condition after instrument                           |

#### **CONFIGURABLE RELAYS**

power on and alarm signalling.

| oA0 | Relay 1 configuration (7-8): (dEF; Fan; Alr; LiG; AUS; onF; db; CP2; dEF2; HES; Het; inV, CMP, nu) dEF = defrost; Fan = do not select it; Alr = alarm; LiG = light; AUS = Auxiliary relay; onF = always on with instrument on; db = neutral zone; CP2 = second compressor output; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind; Het = heater output; inV = inverter compressor; CMP = ONOFF compressor; nu=not used.     |
|-----|---|
| oA1 | Relay 2 configuration (4-5-6): (dEF; Fan; Alr; LiG; AUS; onF; db; CP2; dEF2; HES; Het; inV, CMP, nu) dEF = defrost; Fan = do not select it Alr = alarm; LiG = light; AUS = Auxiliary relay; onF = always on with instrument on; db = neutral zone; CP2 = second compressor output; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind; Het = heater output; inV = inverter compressor; CMP = ONOFF compressor; nu=not used.    |
| oA2 | Relay 3 configuration (8-9): (dEF; Fan; Alr; LiG; AUS; onF; db; CP2; dEF2; HES; Het; inV, CMP, nu) dEF = defrost; Fan = do not select it; Alr = alarm; LiG = light; AUS = Auxiliary relay; onF = always on with instrument on; db = neutral zone; CP2 = second compressor output; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind; Het = heater output; inV = inverter compressor; CMP = ONOFF compressor; nu=not used.     |
| oA3 | Relay 4 configuration (10-11-12): (dEF; Fan; AIr; LiG; AUS; onF; db; CP2; dEF2; HES; Het; inV, CMP, nu) dEF = defrost; Fan = do not select it: AIr = alarm; LiG = light; AUS = Auxiliary relay; onF = always on with instrument on; db = neutral zone; CP2 = second compressor output; dF2 = do not select it HES = night blind; Het = heater output; inV = inverter compressor; CMP = ONOFF compressor; nu=not used. |

#### CONDENSER TEMPERATURE ALARM

| AP2 | Probe selection for temperature alarm of condenser: (nP; P1; P2; P3; P4)  nP = no probe; P1 = thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 = configurable probe; P4 = Probe on Hot Key plug.                         |
|-----|---|
| AL2 | <b>Low temperature alarm of condenser:</b> (-100 to 150°C; -148 to 302°F) when this temperature is reached the <b>LA2</b> alarm is signalled, possibly after the Ad2 delay.   |
| Au2 | <b>High temperature alarm of condenser:</b> (-100 to 150°C; -148 to 302°F) when this temperature is reached the <b>HA2</b> alarm is signalled, possibly after the <b>Ad2</b> delay.                                 |
| AH2 | Differential for temperature condenser alarm recovery: 0.1 to 25.5°C; 1 to 45°F   |
| Ad2 | Condenser temperature alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) time interval between the detection of the condenser alarm condition and alarm signalling.  |
| dA2 | Condenser temperature alarm exclusion at start up: 0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10min.   |
| bLL | Compressor off with low temperature alarm of condenser: (n; Y) n = compressor keeps on working; Y = compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case regulation restarts after AC time at minimum. |
| AC2 | Compressor off with high temperature alarm of condenser: (n; Y) n = compressor keeps on working; Y = compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case  |

regulation restarts after AC time at minimum.

#### **DIGITAL INPUTS**

| i1P Digital input 1 polarity: (oP; CL) oP = the digital input is activated by oper contact; CL = the digital input is activated by closing the contact.  I1F Digital input 1 configuration: (EAL; bAL; dor; dEF; ES; AUS; Htr; HdF; onF; nt external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL = serious alarm "CA" mes displayed; dor = door switch function; dEF = activation of a defrost cycle; ES = saving; AUS = auxiliary relay activation with oAx=AUS; Htr = type of inverting (cooling or heating); HdF = do not set it; onF = to switch the controller off; change parameter map  i2P Digital input 2 input polarity: (oP; CL) oP = the digital input is activated by the contact; CL = the digital input is activated by closing the contact.  I2F Digital input 2 configuration: (EAL; bAL; dor; dEF; ES; AUS; Htr; HdF; onF; nt external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL = serious alarm "CA" mes displayed; dor = door switch function; dEF = activation of a defrost cycle; ES = saving; AUS = auxiliary relay activation with oAx=AUS; Htr = type of inverting (cooling or heating); HdF =do not set it; onF = to switch the controller off; change parameter map  Did Digital input 1 alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) delay between the detection of the alarm condition and its signalling.  When i1F= PAL, it is the interval of time to calculate the number of pressure. | ) EAL =<br>sage is<br>energy  |
|--|-------------------------------|
| external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL = serious alarm "CA" mes displayed; dor = door switch function; dEF = activation of a defrost cycle; ES = saving; AUS = auxiliary relay activation with oAx=AUS; Htr = type of inverting (cooling or heating); HdF =do not set it; onF = to switch the controller off; change parameter map  i2P Digital input 2 input polarity: (oP; CL) oP = the digital input is activated by the contact; CL = the digital input is activated by closing the contact.  Digital input 2 configuration: (EAL; bAL; dor; dEF; ES; AUS; Htr; HdF; onF; nt external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL = serious alarm "CA" mes displayed; dor = door switch function; dEF = activation of a defrost cycle; ES = saving; AUS = auxiliary relay activation with oAx=AUS; Htr = type of inverting (cooling or heating); HdF =do not set it; onF = to switch the controller off; change parameter map  Did Digital input 1 alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) delay between the detection of the alarm condition and its signalling.  When iTF= PAL, it is the interval of time to calculate the number of pressure   | sage is<br>energy             |
| the contact; CL = the digital input is activated by closing the contact.  12F Digital input 2 configuration: (EAL; bAL; dor; dEF; ES; AUS; Htr; HdF; onF; nt external alarm: 'EA' message is displayed; bAL = serious alarm 'CA' mes displayed; dor = door switch function; dEF = activation of a defrost cycle; ES = saving; AUS = auxiliary relay activation with oAx=AUS; Htr = type of inverting (cooling or heating); HdF =do not set it; onF = to switch the controller off; change parameter map  Did Digital input 1 alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) delay between the detection of the alarm condition and its signalling.  When i1F= PAL, it is the interval of time to calculate the number of pressure   |                               |
| external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL = serious alarm "CA" mes displayed; dor = door switch function; dEF = activation of a defrost cycle; ES = saving; AUS = auxiliary relay activation with oAx=AUS; Htr = type of inverting (cooling or heating); HdF =do not set it; onF = to switch the controller off; change parameter map  Did Digital input 1 alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) delay between the detection of the alarm condition and its signalling.  When iTF= PAL, it is the interval of time to calculate the number of pressure  | opening                       |
| alarm condition and its signalling.  When i1F= PAL, it is the interval of time to calculate the number of pressure   | sage is<br>energy<br>g action |
| activation.  |                               |
| D2d Digital input 2 alarm delay: (0 to 255 min) delay between the detection of the alarm condition and its signalling.  When i1F= PAL, it is the interval of time to calculate the number of pressure activation.  |                               |
| nPS Number of external BAL alarms before stopping regulation: (1 to 15) af activations of the ixF=BAL digital input the regulation will be stopped.  | ter nPS                       |
| odC Compressor status when open door: (no; Fan; CPr; F_C) no = normal;<br>Fan = normal; CPr = compressor OFF, F_C = compressor OFF.  |                               |
| Rrd Outputs restart after door open alarm: (n; Y) n = outputs follow the odC parar Y = outputs restart with a door open alarm.   | neter.                        |

HES Delta temperature during an Energy Saving cycle: (-30.0 to 30.0 °C; -54 to 54°F) it sets the increasing value of the set point [SET+HES] during the Energy Saving cycle.

| Hur | Current hour: 0 to 23h   |
|-----|--|
| Min | Current minute: 0 to 59min   |
| dAY | Current day: Sun to Sat  |
| Hd1 | <b>First weekly holiday:</b> (Sun to Sat; nu) set the first day of the week which follows the holiday times. |
| Hd2 | Second weekly holiday: (Sun to Sat; nu) set the second day of the week which follows the holiday times.      |

N.B. Hd1,Hd2 can be set also as "nu" value (Not Used).

#### **ENERGY SAVING TIMES (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)**

| iLE | Energy Saving cycle start during workdays: (0 to 23h50min) during the Energy Saving cycle the set point is increased by the value in HES so that the operation set point is SET+HES. |
|-----|--|
| dLE | Energy Saving cycle length during workdays: (0 to 24h00min) sets the duration of the Energy Saving cycle on workdays.  |
| iSE | Energy Saving cycle start on holidays: 0 to 23h50min.  |
| dSE | Energy Saving cycle length on holidays: 0 to 24h00min.   |

#### DEFROST TIMES (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)

| dd1dd6 | <b>Daily defrost enabled:</b> (n; Y) to enable the <b>Ld1Ld6</b> defrost operations for any day of the week.  |
|--------|---|
| Ld1Ld6 | <b>Workday defrost start:</b> (0 to 23h50min) these parameters set the beginning of the 6 programmable defrost cycles during workdays. Ex: when <b>Ld2=12.4</b> the second defrost starts at 12.40 during workdays. |

N.B.: <u>To disable a defrost cycle set it to "nu" (not used).</u> Ex: if Ld6=nu; the sixth defrost cycle will be disabled.

#### OTHER

| Adr | Serial address: (1 to 247) identifies the instrument address when connected to a         |
|-----|--|
|     | ModBUS compatible monitoring system.   |
| PbC | Probe type: (ntC; PtC; Pt1) ntC = NTC probe; PtC = PTC probe; Pt1 = PT1000 probe         |
| dPC | Function linked to the defrost button: (AUS; dEF) AUS=to activate oAx=AUS output;        |
|     | dEF=to activate a manual defrost.  |
| dP1 | Thermostat probe display.  |
| dP2 | Evaporator probe display.  |
| dP3 | Third probe display.   |
| SPd | Actual speed in Hz (read only)   |
| rSE | Real set point: it shows the set point used during the energy saving cycle or during the |
|     | continuous cycle.  |
| rEL | Software release for internal use.   |
| Ptb | Parameter table code: readable only.   |

## 10. DIGITAL INPUTS

The first digital input (terminals 18-20) is enabled with P3P=n.

With P3P=n and i1F=i2F the second digital input is disabled.

The free voltage digital inputs are programmable by the i1F and i2F parameters.

#### 10.1 GENERIC ALARM (ixF = EAL)

As soon as the digital input is activated the unit will wait for **did** time delay before signalling the **"EAL"** alarm message. The outputs status doesn't change. The alarm stops just after the digital input is deactivated.

#### 10.2 SERIOUS ALARM MODE (ixF = bAL)

When the digital input is activated, the unit will wait for **did** delay before signalling the "CA" alarm message. The relay outputs are switched OFF. The alarm will stop as soon as the digital input is deactivated.

### 10.3 DOOR SWITCH INPUT (ixF = dor)

It signals the door status and the corresponding relay output status through the odC parameter: no = normal (any change); FAn = Fan OFF; CPr = Compressor OFF;  $F\_C = Compressor$  and fan OFF. Since the door is opened, after the delay time set through parameter doA, the door alarm is enabled, the display shows the message dA and the regulation restarts is rtr=Y. The alarm stops as soon as the external digital input is disabled again. With the door open, the high and low temperature alarms are disabled.

## 10.4 START DEFROST (ixF = dEF)

It starts a defrost if there are the right conditions. After the defrost is finished, the normal regulation will restart only if the digital input is disabled otherwise the instrument will wait until the **MdF** safety time is expired.

### 10.5 SWITCH THE AUXILIARY RELAY (ixF = AUS)

With oA2=AUS the digital input switched the status of the auxiliary relay.

### 10.6 INVERSION OF THE KIND OF ACTION: HEATING-COOLING (ixF = Htr)

This function allows inverting the regulation of the controller: from cooling to heating and viceversa

#### 10.7 ENERGY SAVING (ixF = ES)

The Energy Saving function allows to change the set point value as the result of the **[SET+HES]** (parameter) sum. This function is enabled until the digital input is activated.

4/6

#### 10.8 ON OFF FUNCTION (ixF = onF)

Permits to switch the controller on and off.

#### 10.9 DIGITAL INPUTS POLARITY

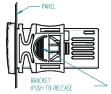
The digital input polarity depends on the i1P and i2P parameters.

- i1P or i2P=CL, the input is activated by closing the contact.
- i1P or i2P=OP, the input is activated by opening the contact.

#### 11. RS485 SERIAL LINE – FOR MONITORING SYSTEMS

The RS485 serial line allows connecting the instrument to a monitoring system (ModBUS-RTU compatible) such as the X-WEB500/3000/300.

#### 12. INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING



Instrument XRi77CX shall be mounted on vertical panel, in a 29x71 mm hole, and fixed using the special bracket supplied. The temperature range allowed for correct operation is 0 to 60°C. Avoid places subject to strong vibrations, corrosive gases, excessive dirt or humidity. The same recommendations apply to probes. Let air circulate by the cooling holes.

#### 13. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The instrument is provided with screw terminal block to connect cables with a cross section up to 2.5mm². Before connecting cables make sure the power supply complies with the instrument's requirements. Separate the probe cables from the power supply cables, from the outputs and the power connections. Do not exceed the maximum current allowed on each relay, in case of heavier loads use a suitable external relay.

#### 13.1 PROBE CONNECTION

The probes shall be mounted with the bulb upwards to prevent damages due to casual liquid infiltration. It is recommended to place the thermostat probe away from air streams to correctly measure the average room temperature. Place the defrost termination probe among the evaporator fins in the coldest place, where most ice is formed, far from heaters or from the warmest place during defrost, to prevent premature defrost termination.

## 14. HOW TO USE THE HOT KEY

#### 14.1 PROGRAM A HOT KEY FROM AN INSTRUMENT (UPLOAD)

- Program one controller with the front keypad.
- When the controller is <u>ON</u>, insert the "HOT-KEY" and push UP button; the "uPL" message appears followed a by a flashing "End" label.
- Push SET button and the "End" will stop flashing
- Turn OFF the instrument, remove the "HOT-KEY" and then turn it ON again.

NOTE: the "Err" message appears in case of a failed programming operation. In this case push again button if you want to restart the upload again or remove the "HOT-KEY" to abort the operation.

## 14.2 PROGRAM AN INSTRUMENT BY USING A HOT KEY (DOWNLOAD)

- Turn OFF the instrument.
- Insert a pre-programmed "HOT-KEY" into the 5-PIN receptacle and then turn the Controller ON.
- The parameter list of the "HOT-KEY" will be automatically downloaded into the Controller memory. The "doL" message will blink followed a by a flashing "End" label.
- After 10 seconds the instrument will restart working with the new parameters.
- Remove the "HOT-KEY".

**NOTE:** the message **'Err'** is displayed for failed programming. In this case turn the unit off and then on if you want to restart the download again or remove the **"HOT-KEY"** to abort the operation.

| 15. AL <i>i</i> | ARM SIGNALS                      |  |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Message         | Cause                            | Outputs  |
| P1              | Room probe failure               | Compressor output acc. to par. Con and CoF                                 |
| P2              | Evaporator probe failure         | Defrost end is timed   |
| P3              | Third probe failure              | Outputs unchanged  |
| P4              | Fourth probe failure             | Outputs unchanged  |
| HA              | Maximum temperature alarm        | Outputs unchanged.   |
| LA              | Minimum temperature alarm        | Outputs unchanged.   |
| HA2             | Condenser high temperature       | It depends on the AC2 parameter  |
| LA2             | Condenser low temperature        | It depends on the <b>bLL</b> parameter                                     |
| dA              | Door open                        | Compressor restarts  |
| EA              | External alarm                   | Output unchanged.  |
| CA              | Serious external alarm (ixF=bAL) | All outputs OFF.   |
| rtC             | Real time clock parameter error  | Output unchanged. Defrost follows <b>idF</b> . Need to set RTC parameters. |
| rtF             | Real time clock malfunctioning   | Output unchanged. Defrost follows idF.                                     |

#### 15.1 SILENCING BUZZER / ALARM RELAY OUTPUT

If  ${\bf tbA=Y}$ , the buzzer and the relay are is silenced by pressing any key.

If **tbA=n**, only the buzzer is silenced while the alarm relay is on until the alarm condition recovers

### 15.2 ALARM RECOVERY

Keyboard locked

Probe alarms 'P1", 'P2" and 'P3" start some seconds after the fault in the related probe; they automatically stop some seconds after the probe restarts normal operation. Check connections before replacing the probe

Temperature alarms "HA" and "LA" automatically stop as soon as the temperature returns to normal values

Alarms "EA" and "CA" (with i2F=bAL) recover as soon as the digital input is disabled

# 15.3 OTHER MESSAGES Pon Keyboard unlocked.

noP In programming mode: no parameter present in Pr1.

On the display or in dP2, dP3, dP4: the selected probe is not enabled.

#### 16. TECHNICAL DATA

Housing: self-extinguishing ABS

Case: frontal 32x74mm; depth 60mm

Mounting: panel mounting in a 71x29mm panel cut-out

Protection: IP20 Frontal protection: IP65

Connections: Screw terminal block ≤ 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> wiring

**Power supply:** (according to the model)

24Vac, ±10% 230Vac ±10%, 50/60Hz 110Vac ±10%, 50/60Hz

Display: 3 digits, red LEDs, 14.2 mm high Inputs: Up to 3 NTC probes Digital inputs: free voltage contact

Power absorption: 3VA max

Frequency output: 30 to 200 Hz, 14Vdc MAX, duty cycle=50%

Relay outputs:

Compressor: SPST 16A 250Vac Defrost: SPDT 8(3)A, 250Vac Fan/Heater: SPST 5(2)A, 250Vac Light/Compressor2: SPST 8(3)A 250Vac Data storing: on the non-volatile memory (EEPROM)

Internal clock back-up: 24 hours

Kind of action: 1B Pollution degree: 2 Software class: A Rated impulsive voltage: 2500V Overvoltage Category: II

Operating temperature: 0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F) Storage temperature: -30 to 85°C (-22 to 185°F) Relative humidity: 20 to 85% (no condensing)

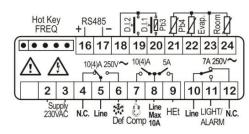
Measuring and regulation range:

NTC probe: -40 to 110°C (-40 to 230°F) PTC probe: -50 to 150°C (-55 to 302°F) PT1000 probe: -100 to 200°C (-148 to 392°F)

Resolution: 0.1°C or 1°C or 1°F (selectable)

Accuracy (ambient temp. 25°C): ±0.7°C ±1 digit

## 17. WIRINGS



## 18. DEFAULT SETTING VALUES

| Label | Name   | Range                                  | Value | Level |
|-------|--|--|-------|-------|
| Set   | Set point                                    | LS to US                               | -23°C |       |
| НҮ    | Differential                                 | [0.1 to 25.5°C]<br>[1 to 255°F]        | 1.0°C | Pr1   |
| LS    | Minimum set point                            | [-100.0°C to SET]<br>[-148°F to SET]   | -25°C | Pr2   |
| US    | Maximum set point                            | [SET to 150.0°C]<br>[SET to 302°F]     | -20°C | Pr2   |
| Ot    | Thermostat probe calibration                 | [-12.0 to 12.0°C]<br>[-21 to 21°F]     | 1.0°C | Pr1   |
| P2P   | Evaporator probe presence                    | n=not present; Y=pres.                 | n     | Pr1   |
| οE    | Evaporator probe calibration                 | [-12.0 to 12.0°C]<br>[-21 to 21°F]     | 0.0°C | Pr2   |
| P3P   | Third probe presence                         | n=not present; Y=pres.                 | n     | Pr2   |
| о3    | Third probe calibration                      | [-12.0 to 12.0°C]<br>[-21 to 21°F]     | 0.0°C | Pr2   |
| P4P   | Fourth probe presence                        | n=not present; Y=pres.                 | n     | Pr2   |
| 04    | Fourth probe calibration                     | [-12.0 to 12.0°C]<br>[-21 to 21°F]     | 0.0°C | Pr2   |
| odS   | Outputs delay at start up                    | 0 to 255 min                           | 1     | Pr2   |
| AC    | Anti-short cycle delay                       | 0 to 50 min                            | 5     | Pr1   |
| AC1   | Anti-short cycle delay for second compressor | 0 to 50 min                            | 5     | Pr1   |
| rtr   | P1-P2 percentage for regulation              | 0 to 100 (100=P1, 0=P2)                | 100   | Pr2   |
| CCt   | PULL DOWN duration                           | 0.0 to 24h 00min, res. 10min           | 0.0   | Pr2   |
| ccs   | PULL DOWN set point                          | [-100.0 to 150.0°C]<br>[-148 to 302°F] | -23°C | Pr2   |
| oHt   | Threshold for PULL DOWN activation           | 0.0 to 25.5°C                          | 10.0  | Pr1   |
| Con   | Compressor ON time with faulty probe         | 0 to 255 min                           | 30    | Pr2   |
| CoF   | Compressor OFF time with faulty probe        | 0 to 255 min                           | 5     | Pr2   |
| HY1   | Differential for proportional band           | [0.1 to 25.5°C]<br>[1 to 45°F]         | 1.0   | Pr1   |

| Q.         | X2L Install   |   | ııı g     | anc        |  |
|------------|---|---|-----------|------------|--|
| Label      | Name  | Range   | Value     | Level      |  |
| tAP        | Interval of time with fixed speed                                 | 0 to 999 min  | 0         | Pr2        |  |
|            | after PULL DOWN Lower speed limit (in                             |   |           |            |  |
| PMi        | percentage)   | 0 to PMA  | 20        | Pr2        |  |
| PMA        | Upper speed limit (in percentage)                                 | PMi to 100%   | 80        | Pr2        |  |
| voS        | Speed variation when  | 0 to 100 Hz   | 2         | Pr2        |  |
|            | temperature increases Speed variation when                        | 0 10 100 112  | -         | 1 12       |  |
| vo2        | temperature decreases   | 0 to 100 Hz   | 1         | Pr2        |  |
| t1n        | Interval of time with speed fixed to PMi after start-up           | 0 to 999 min  | 0         | Pr2        |  |
|            | Interval of time with speed fixed                                 |   |           |            |  |
| t1F        | to PMi before stopping  | 0 to 999 min  | 0         | Pr2        |  |
|            | regulation First interval of time (tAP) with                      | DIE: DIE  |           | -          |  |
| tP1        | speed fixed after PULL DOWN                                       | PMi to PMA  | 30        | Pr2        |  |
| tP2        | Second interval of time (tAP) with speed fixed after PULL         | PMi to PMA  | 30        | Pr2        |  |
|            | DOWN  |   |           |            |  |
| tC2        | Interval of time to control temperature deadlocks                 | 1 to 255 min  | 60        | Pr2        |  |
| SPi        | Speed in case of probe error                                      | PMi to PMA  | 60        | Pr2        |  |
| Aod        | Speed during defrost (used in case of hot gas defrost)            | PMi to PMA  | 80        | Pr2        |  |
| CF         | Temperature measurement unit                                      | °C; °F  | °C        | Pr2        |  |
| rES        | Resolution (only for °C)  | in=integer; dE= dec.point                                     | in        | Pr1        |  |
| Lod<br>dLY | Probe displayed   | P1; P2  | P1<br>0.0 | Pr2<br>Pr2 |  |
| dLY<br>dtr | Display temperature delay P1-P2 percentage for display            | 0.0 to 20min 00s, res. 10s<br>1 to 99                         | 99        | Pr2        |  |
| tdF        | Defrost type  | EL=el. heater; in= hot gas                                    | in        | Pr1        |  |
| dFP        | Probe selection for defrost termination                           | nP; P1; P2; P3; P4  | P2        | Pr2        |  |
|            |   | [-50.0 to 50.0°C]   | 4.000     | D.1        |  |
| dtE        | Defrost termination temperature                                   | [-55 to 122°F]  | 4.0°C     | Pr1        |  |
| idF<br>MdF | Interval between defrost cycles (Maximum) length for defrost      | 1 to 120 hours<br>0 to 255 min                                | 72<br>15  | Pr1<br>Pr1 |  |
| dSd        | Start defrost delay   | 0 to 255 min  | 0         | Pr2        |  |
| StC        | Compressor stop befor defrost                                     | 0 to 30 min   | 5         | Pr2        |  |
| dFd        | Displaying during defrost   | rt, it, SEt, DEF  | it        | Pr2        |  |
| dAd<br>Fdt | MAX display delay after defrost<br>Draining time                  | 0 to 255 min<br>0 to 120 min                                  | 120<br>5  | Pr2<br>Pr2 |  |
| Hon        | Heating elements on after   | 0 to 24h 00min, res. 10min                                    | 0.0       | Pr2        |  |
| dPo        | dripping phase<br>First defrost after start-up                    | n=after idF; Y=immediately                                    | n         | Pr2        |  |
|            | Delay for defrost output  |   |           |            |  |
| dAF        | activation  | 0 to StC  | 2.0       | Pr2        |  |
| FnC<br>Fnd | Fan operating mode Fan delay after defrost                        | C-n; o-n; C-Y; o-Y<br>0 to 255 min                            | o-n<br>0  | Pr1<br>Pr1 |  |
| FCt        | Temperature differential to avoid                                 | 0 to 59°C   | 0         | Pr2        |  |
| ru         | fan short cycles  | 0 to 90°F   | U         | PIZ        |  |
| FSt        | Fan stop temperature  | [-50.0 to 50.0°C]<br>[-55 to 122°F]                           | 50°C      | Pr1        |  |
| Fon        | Fan on time with compressor off                                   | 0 to 15 min   | 0         | Pr2        |  |
| FoF        | Fan off time with compressor off Probe selection for fan          | 0 to 15 min   | 0         | Pr2        |  |
| FAP        | management  | nP; P1; P2; P3; P4  | nΡ        | Pr2        |  |
| ALP        | Alarm probe selection   | nP; P1; P2; P3; P4  | P1        | Pr2        |  |
| ALC        | Temperat. alarms configuration                                    | rE= related to set;<br>Ab = absolute                          | rE        | Pr2        |  |
| ALU        | MAXIMUM temperature alarm   | [ALL to 150.0°C]  | 8.0°C     | Pr1        |  |
| LU         | www.cmpcia.ure aiaiill  | [ALL to 302°F]<br>[-100.0°C to ALU]                           | 0.0 C     | 111        |  |
| ALL        | Minimum temperature alarm   | [-100.0 C to ALU]   | 7.0°C     | Pr1        |  |
| AFH        | Differential for temperat, alarm                                  | [0.1°C to 25.5°C]   | 1.0°C     | Pr2        |  |
| ALd        | recovery Temperature alarm delay                                  | [1°F to 45°F]<br>0 to 255 min                                 | 150       | Pr2        |  |
| dAo        | Delay of temperature alarm at                                     | 0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10min                                   | 24.0      | Pr2        |  |
|            | start up Probe for temperat. alarm of                             |   |           | 1 12       |  |
| AP2        | condenser   | nP; P1; P2; P3; P4  | P4        |            |  |
| AL2        | Condenser for low temperat.                                       | [-100 to 150°C]   | -40       |            |  |
|            | alarm Condenser for high temperat.                                | [-148 to 302°F]<br>[-100 to 150°C]                            |           |            |  |
| AU2        | alarm   | [-148 to 302°F]   | 110       |            |  |
| AH2        | Differ. for condenser temp. alar.                                 | [0.1 to 25.5°C]   | 5         |            |  |
| V 4.0      | recovery Condenser temperature alarm                              | [1 to 45°F]   | 15        |            |  |
| Ad2        | delay   | 0 to 254 min, 255(nu)   | 15        |            |  |
| dA2        | Delay of cond. temper. alarm at start up                          | 0.0 to 24h00min, res. 10 min                                  | 1.3       |            |  |
|            | Compr. off for condenser low                                      | n; Y  | n         |            |  |
| bl I       |   | 11, 1   | "         |            |  |
| bLL        | temperature alarm   |   |           |            |  |
| bLL<br>AC2 | temperature alarm Compr. off for condenser high temperature alarm | n; Y  | n         |            |  |
|            | Compr. off for condenser high                                     | dEF; FAn; ALr; LiG; AUS; onF;<br>db; CP2; dF2; HES; HEt; CMP, | n         | Pr2        |  |
| AC2        | Compr. off for condenser high temperature alarm                   | dEF; FAn; ALr; LiG; AUS; onF;                                 |           | Pr2        |  |

| Label | Name                             | Range                              | Value       | Level |
|-------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-------|
|       | 1-2-11-2                         | dEF; FAn; ALr; LiG; AUS; onF;      |             |       |
| oA2   | Relay 3 configuration (8-9)      | db; CP2; dF2; HES; HEt; CMP,       | HEt         | Pr2   |
|       |                                  | inV; nu                            |             |       |
| oA3   | Relay 4 configuration (10-11-12) | dEF; FAn; ALr; LiG; AUS; onF;      | LiG         |       |
|       |                                  | db; CP2; dF2; HES; HEt; CMP,       |             | Pr2   |
|       |                                  | inV; nu                            |             |       |
| i1P   | Digital input polarity (18-20)   | oP; CL                             | CL          | Pr1   |
| i1F   | Digital input 1 configuration    | EAL; bAL; dor; dEF; ES; AUS;       | dor         | Pr1   |
|       |                                  | Htr; FAn; HdF; onF; nt             |             |       |
| i2P   | Digital input polarity           | oP; CL                             | CL          | Pr2   |
| i2F   | Digital input configuration      | EAL; bAL; dor; dEF; ES; AUS;       | EAL         | Pr2   |
|       | 3 1 3                            | Htr; FAn; HdF; onF; nt             |             |       |
| did   | Digital input 1 alarm delay      | 0 to 255 min                       | 0           | Pr1   |
| d2d   | Digital input 2 alarm delay      | 0 to 255 min                       | 10          | Pr1   |
|       | Number of activation of the      |                                    |             |       |
| nPS   | digital input before activating  | 0 to 15                            | 15          | Pr1   |
|       | pressure alarm                   |                                    |             |       |
| odC   | Compress and fan status when     | no; FAn; CPr; F C                  | no          | Pr2   |
|       | open door                        |                                    | -           |       |
| rrd   | Regulation restart with door     | n; Y                               | n           | Pr2   |
|       | open alarm                       | [ 20 0 1- 20 000]                  |             |       |
| HES   | Differential for Energy Saving   | [-30.0 to 30.0°C]<br>[-54 to 54°F] | 0.0°C       | Pr2   |
| Adr   | Serial address                   | 1 to 247                           | 1           | Pr2   |
| dP1   | Room probe display               | 1 (0 247                           |             | Pr1   |
| dP2   | Evaporator probe display         |                                    | H           | Pr1   |
| dP3   | Third probe display              |                                    |             | Pr1   |
| SPd   | Frequency output (in Hz)         | Read only                          | H           | Pr1   |
| rSE   | Real set                         | Read only                          |             | Pr2   |
| rEL   | Software release                 | Read only                          | H- <u>î</u> | Pr2   |
| Ptb   | Map code                         | Read only                          |             | Pr2   |
| r ID  | INIAPCOUE                        | Read Offig                         | _           | ΓIZ   |





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